1	
2	
3	MARITIME STRATEGY MEETING
4	
5	
6	Tuesday, October 4, 2011
7	
8	
9	Coastline Conference & Event Center
10	
11	
12	Wilmington, North Carolina
13	
14	
15	6:00 P.M. to 7:00 P.M.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	ASHLEY E. FALLER, COURT REPORTER TERRY WARNER & ASSOCIATES, LTD.
24	POST OFFICE BOX 206
25	HUBERT, NC 28539-0206

Τ	APPEARANCES
2	Garold Smith, III
3	Steffanie McLaughlin
4	Eydo
5	51 Kilmayne Drive, Suite 105-A
6	Cary, NC 27511
7	(919) 297-1950
8	
9	
10	Rachel Vanderburg
11	North Carolina Department of Transportation
12	Raleigh, North Carolina
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	

TERRY WARNER & ASSOCIATES, LTD. (910) 346-6739

1		INDEX OF SPEAKERS	
2	NAME		PAGE
3	Rachel Vanderburg		4
4	Garold Smith, III		12, 43
5	Roger Kerr		14
6	Toby Bronstein		16
7	Tony McNeill		17
8	Representative Iler		20
9	Pete Donofrio		22
10	Michael Rice		24
11	James Register		26
12	Chuck Kiebler		27
13	Jim Miller		29
14	Bill Helms		32
15	Susan Maynard		33
16	David Sepseninol		36
17	Andy Wood		36
18	Eric Stromberg		39
19	Kemp Burdette		41
20	Hal Davis		42

TERRY WARNER & ASSOCIATES, LTD. (910) 346-6739

1	MARITIME STRATEGY MEETING
2	BY RACHEL VANDERBURG:
3	Welcome, everybody. I am Rachel Vanderburg.
4	I am the project manager of the Maritime Strategy
5	being conducted for the North Carolina Department of
6	Transportation. I appreciate everyone coming
7	tonight. I hope you had a chance to take a look at
8	the information boards about the state ports out in
9	the other room and chat with some of the technical
10	experts on the team.
11	What we wanted to do today is to give the
12	community around the Port of Wilmington a chance to
13	learn a little bit about the ports for those of you
14	who may not be familiar with the Port of Wilmington
15	and the State Ports Authority. But for the most
16	part we wanted to have an opportunity, after my very
17	brief presentation, to hear from you and your

- 18 questions, ideas, issues, concerns about the port.
- 19 I'm also going to give you an overview of the
- 20 North Carolina Maritime Strategy that is currently
- 21 under way. The goals, some expectations and a
- 22 timeline for that so that you can keep an eye out
- 23 for information on some of the output from that
- 24 study and also future public meetings that will
- 25 really be targeted on the initial result of the

- 1 Maritime Strategy.
- 2 One thing that has been very important to this
- 3 process is community input. Hearing from the
- 4 stakeholders, including the community, is an
- 5 important aspect of developing the Maritime
- 6 Strategy. We look forward to receiving comments
- 7 from you tonight and as the study progresses. And
- 8 those can be received as oral comments after my
- 9 short presentation, or written comments, or after
- 10 our meeting through input on the website.
- 11 I wanted to provide a quick overview for you
- of the state port facilities. There are two. The
- 13 first is the Wilmington Harbor which extends about
- 14 26 miles from the inlet to the Cape Fear River up
- 15 here to Wilmington. And, actually, the harbor

- 16 continues about another two miles to the turning
- 17 basin north of here. The channel is authorized to
- 18 42 feet deep. Forty-four (44) feet at the inlet and
- 19 has -- was deepened a few years ago to that current
- 20 depth.
- In order to maintain the depth of the channel,
- there's a biannual dredging program that is
- 23 conducted. I know at times the program needs to be
- 24 adapted to conditions of the channel.
- The material removed from the Wilmington

- 1 Harbor is actually -- has been fairly good quality
- 2 sand and has been placed on beaches for
- 3 replenishment near the inlet of the river.
- 4 One of the other -- the state's other port
- 5 facility is up in Morehead City. We actually had a
- 6 similar meeting to this last week up in Morehead
- 7 City to present information on that port facility
- 8 and hear input from the community surrounding that
- 9 port.
- 10 An important aspect to tonight's meeting has
- 11 been the issuance over the summer by the governor of
- 12 Executive Order 99. And here on the board, the key

- 13 element and directive of this executive order is for
- 14 the study team to incorporate the directive into our
- 15 study to identify activities and uses at the state
- 16 ports. Actually I'll read it.
- 17 (READING) Identify activities and uses of the
- 18 Wilmington and Morehead City ports that are not
- 19 incompatible -- these are my bold letters -- with
- 20 the underlying economic base and existing
- 21 predominant economic sectors supported by the
- 22 surrounding communities.
- We want to make sure that this -- or this
- 24 directive is incorporated into the Maritime
- 25 Strategy.

- 1 I want to give you a little bit of background
- 2 on the activities that happen at the ports today.
- 3 Here is some information on the trading partners for
- 4 Morehead City and the next slide provides similar
- 5 information for the Port of Wilmington.
- 6 As you can see from these top five trading
- 7 partners, both import and export, the port is doing
- 8 business with Asia, South America and Europe.
- 9 As part of the effort, looking at what's
- 10 happening in and around the North Carolina ports,

l1	our team has been looking at where products coming
12	into and going out of North Carolina are going
13	within the United States. This first map you can
L4	see with darker colors being heavier usage. The
15	destination of imports that are coming into North
L6	Carolina ports, you can see with predominant usage
L7	by destination in North Carolina and also the south
L8	Atlantic and mid-Atlantic portion of the U.S.
19	For exports leaving North Carolina, these are
20	things that are produced or manufactured here in
21	North Carolina, you can see that North Carolina
22	shippers, that is folks that are producing things in
23	North Carolina I correction that North
24	Carolina ports handle products that are produced

8

1 immediate surrounding states. And, again, this

predominantly out of North Carolina and the

- 2 leans toward usage of the ports by shippers that are
- 3 in the south Atlantic and mid-Atlantic states of the
- 4 U.S.

- 5 Given the importance of agriculture to North
- 6 Carolina's economy, we also wanted to take a look at
- 7 this particular sector. The graph here you can see

- 8 the solid economic contribution that agriculture has
- 9 made to North Carolina over the last several years.
- 10 This chart shows -- and I'm sure you can't see the
- 11 detailed lettering here, but for year by year, from
- 12 2004 to 2009, the growth of various types of
- 13 agricultural exports out of North Carolina, and even
- 14 when there was an economic downturn globally, you
- 15 can see that agricultural exports were strong.
- So given this we also looked at where
- 17 agricultural exporters were sending their goods or
- 18 through which ports they were using.
- 19 On this graph you can see that North Carolina
- 20 agricultural producers are very reliant on North
- 21 Carolina ports, using other ports within the south
- 22 Atlantic region as well. So it's important to
- 23 consider their needs and we will be doing that as
- 24 our study progresses.
- 25 So the Maritime Strategy is really an

- 1 outcropping of the Governor's Logistics Task Force.
- 2 It was identified that a more focused look at the
- 3 maritime needs of the state would be a good idea.
- 4 So we're working with that task force as well as
- 5 their ongoing Seven Portal Study to develop a set of

- $\,$ options and recommendations that can be considered
- 7 as part of a statewide logistics plan.
- 8 The Maritime Study scope is intended to take a
- 9 fresh look at work that was done before and conduct
- 10 an open evaluation of the alternatives for North
- 11 Carolina's ports and how North Carolina ports can
- 12 strengthen or support the economy of North Carolina.
- We also are looking at the needs of North
- 14 Carolina shippers to determine what -- how overall
- 15 the ports play in supporting their overseas trade.
- 16 Based on input from a broad array of
- 17 stakeholders that include those users and
- 18 communities surrounding the ports, we are putting
- 19 together a set of specific strategies that can
- 20 support the state's decision-making and future
- 21 investments in and around the port facilities and
- 22 actually will go beyond the ports themselves to
- 23 include road and rail connections, potential
- 24 policy -- policy changes and also inland facilities
- 25 if that's appropriate.

- 1 The study outcomes will include an objective
- 2 process by which the state can make decisions on

- 3 investment and maritime and port-related facilities
- 4 whether they are within the port gates or beyond.
- 5 Our goal is to provide information on the potential
- 6 benefits, cost, risks and opportunities related to
- 7 maritime investments to allow the state to
- 8 prioritize projects, develop a long-term plan and
- 9 develop a set of recommendations that can guide
- 10 future decision-making.
- 11 The Maritime Strategy has been under way for a
- 12 few months. We actually kicked off the effort in
- 13 May. Since that point we have been involved in some
- 14 pretty intense data collection, discussion input and
- discussion with industry stakeholders and community
- 16 stakeholders. We have been working to develop a set
- 17 of potential market scenarios based on global
- 18 economic forecasts and market-driven data. From
- 19 this we will develop a set of potential
- 20 infrastructure needs to support various scenarios,
- 21 identify a set of evaluation criteria so that we can
- 22 present to the state by the end of this calendar
- 23 year a matrix of alternatives that could be
- 24 considered for maritime-related investment. The
- 25 study will be wrapped up with a final report

- 1 scheduled for February of next year.
- 2 The Maritime Strategy is being led by an
- 3 executive team that has common membership to the
- 4 Governor's Logistics Task Force, chaired by
- 5 Lieutenant Governor Dalton and with representatives
- 6 from the governor's office as well as the state
- 7 secretaries of commerce, DENR and transportation.
- 8 Our efforts are also being guided on a more ongoing
- 9 basis, hands-on basis, by an Advisory Council that
- 10 has been named by this leadership team. And the
- 11 Advisory Council includes representatives from
- 12 various interests and maritime trade and
- 13 port-related development including representatives
- 14 from shipping lines, from the railroads, trucking
- 15 companies, the community at large and academic
- 16 interests.
- 17 Underlying the efforts that have been
- 18 conducted to date and ongoing for the Maritime
- 19 Strategy is stakeholder coordination. The input
- 20 from stakeholders, whether they be from the industry
- 21 or the community, is an important aspect of this
- 22 study. We have held several meetings and are
- 23 planning continued meetings with focused discussions
- 24 with interest groups that have specific issues,
- 25 ideas, concerns that relate to the Maritime

- 1 Strategy. We've also been conducting workshops with
- 2 targeting sectors of the maritime industry, some of
- 3 which are listed here.
- 4 As a related and parallel effort to the
- 5 Maritime Strategy, the first is really what's
- 6 happening tonight. It's to integrate the Executive
- 7 Order 99 directive into our study to obtain
- 8 community input and to ensure that we are
- 9 considering the economic needs of this community in
- 10 our study. We are also working with NCDOT to
- 11 support the development of a strategic plan for the
- 12 North Carolina State Ports Authority, so that will
- 13 also be part of the ongoing effort from the team.
- So that gives you a very brief overview of the
- 15 efforts, the scope, the intent of the Maritime
- 16 Strategy. I'd like to turn it over to Garold who
- 17 will introduce the public comment session.
- 18 BY GAROLD SMITH:
- 19 Good evening. We appreciate you all being at
- 20 the meeting tonight. We wanted to thank you for
- 21 being here. Just want to go over a couple of things
- 22 before we start the formal public comment period for
- 23 this public listening session for the Maritime
- 24 Strategy.

13

required for the -- to be recognized for this 1 2 three-minute period where you could sign up at the 3 beginning. If you were unable to sign up or if you 4 decided that you would like to speak, we will open 5 the floor following the folks that have signed up ahead of time. And if you would rather not sign up, 6 7 excuse me, if you would rather not sign up for 8 public speaking, we also have opportunities for 9 comment forms that can be submitted. And those can 10 be submitted and will also become part of the formal 11 public record. You can also go on the Maritime 12 Strategy website and submit record that way also. 13 We ask that you please stand, we will call 14 your name. If you please stand and we'll give you the microphone. We ask that you limit your comments 15 16 to three minutes. And we have -- Steffanie will be keeping time. She has a board that says one minute, 17 and at that point, we'd like for you to please wrap 18 19 up your comments. And then we have a stop board, if you would be so kind to give the microphone. We 20 21 want to make sure we're being respectful of 22 everyone's time here to give everyone an opportunity

- 23 to speak.
- We would like to set some ground rules. First
- of all, when you're given the microphone, if you

- 1 could stand up and state your name, we do have a
- 2 court reporter here tonight, so she will be
- 3 recording your comments and your name for part of
- 4 the formal public record. We realize that there's
- 5 varied opinions in a group such as this so we ask
- 6 that everybody be respectful of each other's time
- 7 and opinions. And please try to keep conversations
- 8 at a minimum when other folks are speaking so we can
- 9 make sure to record all the comments. Thank you
- 10 very much.
- 11 First we have Paul Brown. If you could raise
- 12 your hand, Mr. Brown. Roger Kerr and then we'll be
- 13 followed by Toby Bronstein.
- 14 BY ROGER KERR:
- 15 Thank you. My name is Roger Kerr, K-E-R-R.
- 16 And I live in Southport and I just want to make a
- 17 couple of comments. Comments that I've read for the
- 18 first time in this maritime brochure. And the first
- 19 one is it states that communities surrounding the

- 20 North Carolina ports are an important part of
- 21 Southport. Southport is a small fishing village
- 22 generated in 1792. And it truly wants to stay that
- 23 way. It does not want to make a port in its
- 24 backyard.
- 25 The next comment in there was define market

- 1 scenarios in which the state could realize economic
- 2 benefit. That's a no-brainer. Helen Keller could
- 3 see that this was going to develop an economic
- 4 benefit, but at the cost of who? The cost of
- 5 Southport and Brunswick County is going to fund this
- 6 with the problems that will be surrounded by it.
- 7 We're going to lose a portion of a bird sanctuary.
- 8 A very exclusive community will be disrupted.
- 9 Another comment is conduct analysis for
- 10 environmental screening. How in the world are you
- going to screen a couple hundred foot crane plus
- 12 containers that are stacked six to eight high? It's
- just not going to happen.
- 14 Another comment. North Carolina is already
- 15 the home of two international ports. That's right,
- 16 it is. Morehead City, Wilmington, we have another
- one just south of us in Charleston. Is there one

- 18 really needed here? State will tell you yes. And
- 19 why will they tell you yes? Because they made a
- 20 very huge, embarrassing, costly mistake. They
- 21 bought 600 acres -- I can't read what that says --
- 22 thank you. They bought 600 acres they now can't do
- 23 anything with.
- 24 My final comment is this is common sense. I
- 25 defy anybody on the feasibility study to go from New

- 1 York to California, Illinois to Texas, and tell them
- 2 I want to ask you a question, I want to build a port
- 3 between one of the biggest emissions facilities in
- 4 the northeast and a nuclear power plant. What do
- 5 you think about that? I will guarantee you 90
- 6 percent would say are you out of your mind? Thank
- 7 you.
- 8 GAROLD SMITH: Toby Bronstein and then
- 9 followed by Tony McNeill.
- 10 BY TOBY BRONSTEIN:
- 11 My name is Toby Bronstein. And I'm
- 12 representing Save the Cape. I'm really glad that
- 13 this brief overview talked about Governor Perdue's
- 14 Executive Order 99 because that is the sole focus of

- 15 my remarks tonight. And what I'd like to do is read
- 16 you the fourth clause from E-O, Executive Order 99.
- 17 It's entitled, Ports and Local Economy
- 18 Compatibility. And the fourth recital of Governor
- 19 Perdue's Executive Order states, (READING) Whereas,
- 20 it is important for state-owned and state-operated
- 21 facilities to work with local governments and
- 22 private neighbors to coordinate activities in such a
- 23 manner that they may have an overall positive impact
- 24 in the community of which they are a part.
- Now, I know the Department of Transportation

- 1 and perhaps AECOM, URS is interpreting the
- 2 governor's order very narrowly. Specifically to the
- 3 ports of Wilmington and Morehead City. But, again,
- 4 I will repeat in this fourth recital, it says,
- 5 (READING) For any state-owned or operated facility.
- 6 It is not specific to Morehead City and the Port of
- 7 Wilmington. The six towns and communities that
- 8 would be most impacted by this port have all said
- 9 no. They said it loudly. The towns of Southport,
- 10 Caswell Beach, Oak Island, Boiling Spring Lakes, St.
- 11 James and Bald Head Island have all said we do not
- 12 feel that this is community compatible.

- Now, if the executive order of Governor Perdue
- is to be respected, honored and obeyed, the North
- 15 Carolina International Terminal must thereby be
- immediately revoked, taken off the table for any
- 17 further consideration.
- 18 So I guess that is what our position is and
- 19 we're still waiting for an answer on that. So we're
- 20 hoping that at some point we will get an answer to
- 21 that.
- That's really the end of my comments.
- 23 GAROLD SMITH: Tony McNeill. And next up
- 24 will be Representative Iler.
- 25 BY TONY McNEILL:

- 1 Thank you. My name is Tony McNeill and I'm a
- 2 lifetime resident of Brunswick County, the school
- 3 system and UNCW. The opposition to the port here
- 4 has been going on for three years and they got a
- 5 head start on us that support it. We totally --
- 6 there are many of us that do support this
- 7 feasibility study. And that's just what we're
- 8 doing, a feasibility to see if the state can support
- 9 this.

- 10 The main opposition to this are the retirees.
- 11 We do not consider -- the ones that grew up around
- 12 here, work around here, we do not consider this a
- 13 retirement community. I'm sorry. Go further south.
- 14 That's all I can say.
- 15 But on the opposition remarks, they talk about
- 16 pollution, they talk about, you know, the wetlands,
- 17 all this stuff. The wetlands around Cape Fear, you
- 18 know, all the state drains to this area. That's one
- 19 cause. And in the late 1800s they blocked three
- 20 natural inlets that ran through the east side of the
- 21 Cape Fear River between Bald Head and Fort Caswell.
- 22 Now, that has some effect. Once it closed off in
- 23 the late '90s, that's when the water from Brunswick
- 24 Bay, Cape Creek, Cedar Creek, it's all stagnant
- 25 water, no water flow. If Save the Cape wants to do

- 1 something, get the rock oil taken out and get the
- 2 water flowing back through.
- 3 The tract -- I agree with everybody on the
- 4 tract. There needs to be a separate road from the
- 5 port to Highway 17. Only allow semi-trucks access
- 6 from 17 to Southport. No trucks on the road. You
- 7 can't even grade the road system because there's no

- 8 room right now so to speak.
- 9 The other thing is it's a safety issue when it
- 10 comes to Sunny Point and to CP&L. If somebody has a
- 11 choice to blow up either Sunny Point or CP&L or a
- 12 container full of TPs, what are they going to
- 13 choose? You are no more safer now, or unsafe now
- 14 than you would be when that container port was here.
- 15 It's -- that's common sense.
- Just so much to say. The anti-erosion. They
- 17 talk about the erosion about the port is going to,
- 18 you know, the dredging is going to cause -- there's
- 19 no proof in that. And the cost. All these beach
- 20 communities that support, you know, that are opposed
- 21 to this, they always support every year with their
- 22 hand out for beach nourishment millions and millions
- 23 of dollars. Why don't they this time take a little
- 24 bit of that money and give it back to the whole
- 25 state instead of taking it and keeping it to y'all's

- 1 self to renourish the beach every year. Thank you.
- 2 GAROLD SMITH: Representative Iler will
- 3 be followed by Pete Donofrio.
- 4 BY REPRESENTATIVE ILER:

- 5 Thank you very much. I'm Frank Iler. I
- 6 represent the area that's being talked about so far
- 7 as the main port in the south of Brunswick County.
- 8 I represent most of Brunswick County. And this has
- 9 been an issue for over a year and a half, two years,
- 10 as far as I'm concerned at least or since the land
- 11 was purchased.
- 12 I'm impressed today with a couple of things
- 13 that the motivational team said earlier. They start
- 14 with the facts and move forward and not start with
- 15 the conclusion and work backwards and I hope that's
- 16 correct and I applaud you for stating that earlier
- 17 today.
- 18 And as my friend in the press over here can
- 19 tell you, for a year and a half I've been asked if
- 20 I'm for or against the port. I've been saying I'm
- 21 skeptical. I'll tell you why. I think I've got
- 22 three good reasons. I haven't seen a comprehensive
- 23 business plan that makes any sense. An investment
- 24 by somebody is going to be \$3- to 4 million,
- 25 minimum. This is going to be a port, rail,

- 1 highways, dredging, et cetera.
- 2 The second thing is I was promised in June of

3 2010 by the CEO of the Ports Authority that there 4 would be a private partner before anything is built. 5 And that private partner that they had disappeared 6 sometime before that. And I don't know if that's --7 I've been told by the team that would be considered 8 as a possibility as part of the alternative of a 9 private partner, and said it would not be built by a 10 private partner. They want to turn their 11 investment, they want to be able to make a profit. 12 Jasper County in South Carolina has already 13 spent on their project \$40 million on studies. The 14 study doesn't include any of the Gulf ports I've 15 been told as competition. It only includes the east 16 coast ports. I wish they would include the Gulf 17 ports which many indicate that the southeast is just 18 as close to some of our towns in the southeast. 19 A longshore magazine came out and said recently that longshoremen are actually for it, 20 21 hoping for jobs, which I'm all about jobs. I'm 22 skeptical about jobs. The longshore magazine came 23 out and said 123 percent of capacity on the east and

TERRY WARNER & ASSOCIATES, LTD. (910) 346-6739

Gulf coast, you know, after the Panama Canal

already. Environmental issues, air quality, the

24

- 1 water quality, whatever comes out of the Cape Fear
- 2 lands right behind my house on Oak Island.
- 3 Environmental issues like gasoline. We're already
- 4 at 42 feet. How about 54 feet? Salt water
- 5 intrusion will increase, collateral damage and
- 6 marshes, estuaries and beaches and tourism.
- 7 So those three things: Environmental and
- 8 having a private partner doesn't make any business
- 9 sense and collateral damage. And until these
- 10 questions are answered, I will remain skeptical.
- 11 GAROLD SMITH: Pete Donofrio followed by
- 12 Michael Rice.
- 13 BY PETE DONOFRIO:
- 14 Good evening, folks. My name is Pete Donofrio
- and I'm a 20 year resident of the Cape Fear region
- and I'm also a former employee of the State Ports
- 17 Authority. And from some of the comments that you
- 18 heard tonight, I don't want you to get the
- impression of people who are opposed to this port in
- 20 Southport are opposed to the state ports of North
- 21 Carolina or of North Carolina developing and
- 22 maintaining its maritime tradition. That's not the
- 23 case. What we're looking at here -- can you hear
- 24 me? Is this all right?
- What we're looking at here is the wisdom of

- 1 investing this kind of money. Money that the state
- 2 really doesn't have at this point in time to work on
- 3 a plan or a project that has really dubious
- 4 expectations. And I say that because I've seen how
- 5 these things develop.
- 6 In my time at the State Ports Authority we
- 7 originally thought that by keeping the Cape Fear
- 8 down to 42 feet we would attract additional
- 9 business. It didn't happen. All it did was enable
- 10 us to maintain all the Chinese lines.
- 11 What we wound up doing, therefore, is giving
- 12 that particular line the ability to sit back and say
- 13 to another port, a competing port, listen, if you
- don't give me what I ask for, I can go to Wilmington
- 15 if you don't like it.
- And we also had a situation here where somehow
- 17 we thought business was going to improve to the
- 18 point that it justified the purpose of the
- 19 procurement of four additional cranes from China
- 20 about five years ago. I drive by the port all the
- 21 time, as probably a lot of you people do, and I
- 22 would venture to say that those cranes are not doing
- 23 anything perhaps 80 percent of the time.
- 24 So a lot of the things that we thought were

- 1 this building enable come-type approach did not
- 2 materialize. We've seen that happen. What I just
- 3 wanted to say was we are only -- we have to make the
- 4 decision not to get involved in this game that the
- 5 rest of the south Atlantic ports are playing. Every
- 6 time you open up another player, every time you open
- 7 up a port to compete for these foreign flag mines to
- 8 come in with their mega ships, all you're doing is
- 9 allowing them to play one port off against the
- 10 other. You're going to develop a great war that
- 11 causes the whole business to be nonproductive, to
- 12 lower everybody's earnings in this. You don't want
- 13 to get caught in that trap. Keep North Carolina
- 14 ports the way they are right now. Don't get sucked
- into this thing of build it and they will come.
- 16 Thank you.
- 17 GAROLD SMITH: Michael Rice will be
- 18 followed by James Register.
- 19 BY MICHAEL RICE:
- 20 Thank you, Garold. I'm Michael Rice. My
- 21 organization is Save the Cape. The cape in question

- 22 is the Cape Fear. And they have a problem in the
- 23 other room. Rachel, I think I told you that I'm an
- 24 engineer.
- We learned that in order to solve a problem,

- 1 it must first be properly stated. And very often
- 2 the statement of the problem suggests the answer.
- 3 Here is the slide. This is the premise of the study
- 4 creating a vision for North Carolina ports. That's
- 5 the wrong premise. We don't need a marketing study
- 6 for the ports. Jimmy Oakley (phonetic) already
- 7 knows all he needs to know to market the ports. We
- 8 need to create a vision for North Carolina
- 9 international commerce. That's the start. That's
- 10 where North Carolina will benefit. Determining what
- 11 commerce needs, not what the ports need.
- 12 The ports after all are an expense. They're
- 13 subsidized. And we see that in all the elements of
- 14 the study promoting the ports. What does it take to
- 15 bring traffic to the ports? To be sure there's been
- some useful materials, the slide on agricultural
- 17 exports is the right thing. And we hope that there
- 18 will be useful data emerged from this study on the
- 19 needs of North Carolina commerce, not the needs of

- 20 North Carolina ports. It's too easy to see in this
- 21 study that it's an effort to justify a decision that
- 22 was made in 2005. Money was spent and it's -- move
- 23 the project along. Try to save it. We see that in
- 24 Raleigh. We see that in administration. And we see
- 25 that in the General Assembly.

- 1 Now, let's go to the other slide. The outer
- 2 port. We had hoped, because this was presented as
- 3 the final study on this issue, that there would be a
- 4 quantitative output, a useful decision. Something
- 5 that would tell us yes or no on ports and what
- 6 direction to go. And it does not appear there's
- 7 going to be anything that clear.
- 8 A very useful tool that the study team can
- 9 present to the state of North Carolina is the
- 10 benefit-cost analysis to quantifying investment
- 11 decisions and not let them be driven by politics.
- 12 We hope that that output is produced and that useful
- 13 output will be available to Roberto and his team and
- 14 to the General Assembly. Thank you very much.
- 15 GAROLD SMITH: James Register will be
- 16 followed by Chuck Kiebler.

17 BY JAMES REGISTER:

- 18 I'm James Register. I was born and raised in
- 19 North Carolina in Wilmington. I now live in Ocean
- 20 Isle Beach. I am a little over 40 some years on the
- 21 Cape Fear River as a riverboat captain, and I don't
- 22 disagree with the question, where is the money
- 23 coming from is a good question. And it should be
- 24 answered. But I do not think that 600 acres
- 25 constitutes a mega port. The current port we have

TERRY WARNER & ASSOCIATES, LTD. (910) 346-6739

- 1 now, the current container port, the State Ports
- 2 Authority in Wilmington is 800 acres. So it does
- 3 not constitute a mega port.
- 4 The other thing is most of the people in the
- 5 room shaking their head are retired people from
- 6 someplace else. If there's one thing that I really,
- 7 really dislike about anything, is whenever someone
- 8 comes into my house and tells me how to run it. I'd
- 9 rather that this stay with North Carolina people.
- 10 And as I told the young lady up here, just because
- 11 the cat had a litter of kittens in the oven we don't
- 12 call them biscuits down here in the south [sic].
- 13 Thank you.
- 14 (APPLAUSE)

- 15 GAROLD SMITH: Chuck Kiebler will be
- 16 followed by Jim Miller.
- 17 BY CHUCK KIEBLER:
- 18 I'm Chuck Kiebler. I'm a resident here in
- 19 Wilmington, lived here since 1991. I have a wealth
- 20 of experience in the industry. Worked for a many
- 21 years -- helped develop this market and so I'm very
- 22 much aware of the commercial base, maybe the
- 23 customer needs as well as the complexities of
- 24 working with a global carrier.
- 25 One of the things I was just interested in, in

- 1 the study said that 40 percent of North Carolina
- 2 business were freight-based in South Carolina or
- 3 Georgia in order to slide that -- I was just
- 4 thinking is that good or bad? I don't know. I
- 5 mean, if you're looking at it from a supply-chain
- 6 source, you have customers offshore or consumers,
- 7 foreign carriers basically sending vessels to ports
- 8 all over the world. I doubt we're going to add any
- 9 American carriers because we all understand that
- 10 they can't compete cost-wise. The question is, what
- is this going to cost us and what is the payback?

- 12 Just because we have a lot of customers in North
- 13 Carolina, there's got be an economy both for them to
- 14 switch to Wilmington. Not just for North
- 15 Carolinians, not just because the taxes. There has
- 16 to be financial gain as well as not disrupt their
- 17 supply chain. That takes a long time to develop.
- 18 But you've got to have the commitments from port
- 19 carriers. The big players in the game for five or
- 20 seven years to commit vessels, new vessels and more
- 21 vessels here to justify the cost of going to this
- 22 facility.
- 23 If it didn't exist, you'd have to say what
- 24 happens if it doesn't exist, if Wilmington, Morehead
- 25 City are servicing two percent of the market? If

- 29
- 1 the port wasn't here, would the customers go out of
- 2 business because they had to be serviced in Norfolk,
- 3 Charleston, Savannah? The answer to that question I
- 4 think is no.
- 5 So, again, are we making a good business
- 6 decision? Would a banker loan you the money? And
- 7 the key is the businessman has to be represented,
- 8 and if it makes financial sense, then I'm for it
- 9 just like anybody else. But we've got a \$4 billion

- 10 deficit in Raleigh. Each one of our local economies
- 11 are affected by reduction of monies in our counties.
- 12 So we have to improve where our money is being
- 13 spent. Not being self-served about a particular
- 14 need by a particular set.
- 15 I've been in the trading business. I've
- 16 worked for carriers for over 20 years. And I've
- 17 worked for foreign carriers. So I understand what
- 18 they're thinking. What you're thinking isn't what
- 19 they're thinking. And that's all. I'll leave it at
- 20 that. I do look forward to the final study.
- 21 GAROLD SMITH: Jim Miller will be
- 22 followed by Bill Helms.
- 23 BY JIM MILLER:
- 24 Good evening, I'm Jim Miller. I'm a ten year
- 25 resident of Southport, and a member of No Port/

- 1 Southport. Creation of the functional effective
- 2 maritime strategy for North Carolina will be a
- 3 critical factor in the evolution of shipping for
- 4 other port-related industries in the state. It's
- 5 therefore incumbent upon the Maritime Strategy team
- 6 to seriously consider and give extraordinary weight

- 7 to the economic factors which have and will impact
- 8 these industries in North Carolina.
- 9 It's our contention that such consideration by
- 10 the Maritime Strategy team will lead to the
- 11 determination that North Carolina will be best
- 12 served in terms of new jobs and expended port
- 13 traffic by a strategy that focuses on improvement of
- 14 existing ports and not only creation of a new port.
- 15 In consideration in regards to who is in favor
- of building a new port, the North Carolina State
- 17 Ports Authority leaned heavily on the expansion of
- 18 the Panama Canal. That argument held that a widened
- 19 canal will lead to larger ships coming to the east
- 20 coast.
- 21 What the North Carolina Ports Authority did
- 22 not factor in apparently is what the CEO of the
- 23 Panama Canal did consider. Alberto Aleman, CEO of
- 24 the Panama Canal, has stated that any increase in
- 25 large ships through the Panama Canal will be able to

- 1 be handled by two deep-water ports on the east coast
- 2 and one on the Gulf of Mexico. He is quoted as
- 3 saying, the east coast has many ports. And the
- 4 large container ships are not going to stop at every

- 5 port. That's from the Longshoreman Shipping News,
- 6 February 28th, 2011.
- 7 So here we have a knowledgeable, unbiased
- 8 expert stating that the vast majority of ports on
- 9 the east coast will not see increased traffic and
- 10 may never see any of the larger ships making port
- 11 calls.
- 12 There are already two ports in the southeast,
- 13 Norfolk and Savannah, that can handle or are
- 14 preparing to handle larger ships. And several other
- 15 ports are planning to deepen their channels.
- 16 If this were a race, North Carolina's thoughts
- 17 about a deep-water port would be considered a
- 18 non-start. A full ten years behind everyone else.
- 19 Among the other economic factors in the packing and
- 20 shipping industry in the southeastern U.S., the most
- 21 telling statistic is the access of overcapacity that
- 22 now exists. Coming from sources including the
- 23 Maritime Strategy team and Dr. Davis of the Citadel
- 24 confirmed that overcapacity for handling containers
- 25 in the southeast states will let us pass the year

- 2 This data confirms that building a new port
- 3 will simply not work on a capacity on an industry
- 4 that is already overcapacity. We strongly urge,
- 5 therefore, that the Maritime Strategy committee
- 6 focus heavily on ways in which existing port
- 7 facilities and infrastructure can be expanded and
- 8 improved upon in order to attract more in-state
- 9 generated shipping such as furniture, agriculture,
- 10 textiles, chemicals. This strategy will lead to
- 11 longer term job improvement, new jobs and
- 12 potentially additional revenue state an increased
- 13 use of our ports. We'd also draw your attention to
- 14 the Virginia pilot which indicates that more
- business is going to Hampton Roads.
- 16 GAROLD SMITH: Bill Helms. After
- 17 Mr. Helms we have two more folks that are signed up
- 18 to speak. If you would like to sign up to speak,
- 19 we'll put the sign-up sheet up at the front table
- 20 where you can sign your name and we'll be able to
- 21 recognize you.
- 22 BY BILL HELMS:
- 23 Thank you. My name is Bill Helms and I work
- 24 for SSA Cooper here at the port. We employee about
- 25 350 to 400 longshoremen, and that represents about

- 1 \$10 million in wages and salaries for those.
- 2 Without the Port Authority in Wilmington, it would
- 3 be very detrimental to them. We also -- the company
- 4 that I work for is the largest private-owned
- 5 stevedoring company in the world. We operate in
- 6 just about every port along the east coast and on
- 7 the west coast as well. Every port for the past
- 8 three or four years has seen a decline in business.
- 9 That is strictly due to the economy we're all living
- 10 in now.
- I appreciate the Maritime Strategy committee's
- 12 efforts and we support you a hundred percent. Thank
- 13 you.
- 14 GAROLD SMITH: Susan Maynard.
- 15 BY SUSAN MAYNARD:
- 16 My name is Susan Maynard. I'm a resident of
- 17 Southport and also a member of No Port/Southport and
- 18 Save the Cape. I want to share with you some facts
- 19 that I have found. Many studies have been done on
- 20 the effects of ports across the world.
- 21 The first effect of the port is environmental
- 22 pollution. Ports are the biggest unregulated
- 23 polluters on earth. They kill 6,000 people every
- 24 year. 9,000 of those deaths are in the United
- 25 States. The proposed port would be the third

- 1 largest port in the U.S. after the ports in Long
- 2 Beach, California, and Newark, New Jersey. It would
- 3 devastate our environment and our health.
- 4 The port will poison our air and possibly
- 5 endanger our drinking water if the dredging pierces
- 6 our aquifer. Port pollution from thousands of
- 7 trucks, diesel engines causes disease and death.
- 8 According to the American Lung Association,
- 9 they cause cancer, cardiovascular disease, lower IQ
- 10 in children, birth defects, elevated infant
- 11 mortality, higher mortality in children under age
- 12 five, and shortened life spans. Particulates, the
- 13 tiny carcinogenic material from diesel engines, can
- 14 travel 25 miles through the air around the port and
- 15 along the highways. How can this be good for North
- 16 Carolina?
- 17 We will lose our fishing and tourist
- 18 industries that economically support many of our
- 19 citizens and our towns. Ports kill fish and fowl
- 20 beaches. Home values drop. Studies show that the
- 21 homes around ports lose 30 to 50 percent of their
- 22 value because they become undesirable places to
- 23 live.

- 24 Pollution is bad for your health, especially
- 25 for your kids. Ports increase crime. There would

- 1 be increased security risks. The port would be
- 2 located in the aboveground storage of spent nuclear
- 3 fuel at Progress Energy and next to the large
- 4 ammunitions storage depo which is next to the
- 5 largest ammunitions storage depo in the western
- 6 hemisphere. Motsous (phonetic) supplies ammunition
- 7 for our troops in Iraq and Afghanistan. The Army
- 8 Corps of Engineers who are responsible for the
- 9 levees breaking in New Orleans during Katrina will
- 10 be blowing up rock under the river to make a channel
- 11 for the port.
- 12 An accident, explosion, terrorist attack or
- dirty bomb in a container at the proposed port can
- 14 render a large part of the U.S. east coast
- inhabitable for decades.
- 16 We face economic losses. The North Carolina
- 17 Ports Authority business plan says it will cost 2.5
- 18 million to build the proposed port. They also say
- 19 in their business plan, and I quote, "That the
- 20 numbers used are hypothetical or tentative," end
- 21 quote. So the numbers of jobs will be about half.

- 22 A study by Lisa Groveback (phonetic) from
- 23 California State University shows the areas around
- 24 ports have higher unemployment.
- 25 GAROLD SMITH: I have a name here that's

- 1 signed up. I apologize, I can't read the last name.
- 2 The first name is David.
- 3 BY DAVID SEPSENINOL:
- 4 It's Sepseninol.
- 5 All of my points have been made already. I
- 6 will not repeat them. I would choose personally,
- 7 however, to address the gentleman in the yellow
- 8 shirt and let him know that I am one of those
- 9 executable retirees.
- 10 I make this my home. I pay my taxes. And
- 11 like you, I enjoy my grandchildren making a visit.
- 12 I am concerned that if I don't act, I will impair
- 13 their health and their future to say nothing of your
- 14 grandchildren and your children. That's it.
- 15 GAROLD SMITH: Andy Wood will be followed
- 16 by Eric Stromberg.
- 17 BY ANDY WOOD:
- 18 Thank you. And I have to do -- most of my

- 19 comments have already been covered tonight and I
- 20 appreciate that, but as a representative of Audubon,
- 21 North Carolina, I do need to make note that if this
- 22 port goes through, and I'm very glad that you are
- 23 looking at a comprehensive plan, if an expanded port
- in the Southport area goes through, we'll have
- 25 negative consequences on Battery Island and several

- 1 of the dredge islands in the mouth of the Cape Fear
- 2 River. One battery that supports over ten percent
- 3 of North America's White Ibis breeding bird
- 4 population. And I know for a lot of people, my
- 5 talking about impacts to wildlife is laughable when
- 6 we're talking about jobs.
- 7 However, this state port is not about jobs.
- 8 This state port and other state ports and actually
- 9 our economy is run by faulty national corporations
- 10 and is about profit. So we need to be really
- 11 careful when talking about these huge endeavors.
- 12 Not to believe that it's all about jobs. It's
- 13 really about corporate profit and that can come at
- 14 the expense of the communities within which those
- 15 places operate.
- And I want to read a quick quote, and it's

- 17 just a line from Will Durant, author of "Lessons of
- 18 History," who remind us when a group or civilization
- 19 declines, it is through the failure of its political
- 20 or intellectual leaders to meet the challenges of
- 21 change.
- 22 The state port, or the international term
- 23 that's been talked about, was conceived back when we
- 24 had different economic times. When we were in a
- 25 different economic paradigm.

- 1 China and India right now have a global
- 2 population of close to 4 billion people now have
- 3 internet. They know what the American way of life
- 4 is and they want it. China has already reserved
- 5 grain in American silos for their consumption.
- 6 We need to move into the 21st century and
- 7 realize this is a new world. Big ships may not be
- 8 the answer. We're operating in an old paradigm. I
- 9 could go on for a long time about impacts to
- 10 wildlife and to habitats, but also impacts to
- 11 humans.
- We're looking at saltwater intrusion. Bottom
- 13 land freshwater swamps that are already gone. Look

- 14 at the dead skeletons of bald cypresses as a result
- of dredging the Cape Fear River. I'm not
- 16 anti-economics. As an ecologist I'm actually deeply
- 17 involved in economics.
- 18 What I'm in favor of is what's happening
- 19 tonight, public input and a process that involves
- 20 very deeply thought out strategic planning. And I
- 21 think that we have an opportunity here with a 600
- 22 acre tract of land that may soon be up on the
- 23 chopping block to possibly conserve that for future
- 24 generations to benefit from.
- 25 Again, when a group or civilization declines,

- 1 it is through the failure of its political or
- 2 intellectual leaders to meet the challenges of
- 3 change. And that's where we are right now, facing
- 4 change.
- 5 GAROLD SMITH: We have one more speaker
- 6 signed up. I would like to add if you would like to
- 7 be recognized to speak tonight, if I could have you
- 8 come up to the table and sign the green sheet;
- 9 otherwise, at the conclusion of those that are
- 10 signed up, we will be concluding the public comment
- 11 period. Eric Stromberg.

- 12 BY ERIC STROMBERG:
- 13 Thank you. This is a great forum. I used to
- 14 run the North Carolina ports. And I appreciate
- 15 public forums. We went through a number in my
- 16 tenure as CEO.
- 17 The comments here tonight, some have been -- I
- think most have been well informed, some have been
- 19 less informed. But I think the point I would like
- 20 to make is that those who talk about the importance
- of North Carolina's ports to the economy make a very
- 22 good and strong point.
- 23 We exist in a very difficult competitive
- 24 environment absolutely acknowledge between
- 25 Charleston and Norfolk. But we provide a lot of

- 1 jobs at these ports. The focus on NCIT I think is
- 2 good. The ports themselves have been pushing a good
- 3 investment looking at the future. But clearly the
- 4 economic climate today, ports have a much less
- 5 robust future in terms of international trading than
- 6 it did just a few years ago.
- 7 However, this is a cyclic business and it will
- 8 go up and go down. I think the ports have stated

- 9 that future investment and new facilities will
- 10 depend on the marketplace, on an equity
- 11 participation. I think that makes a lot of sense.
- 12 Clearly public commerce cannot support much
- 13 infrastructure. And those investments need to be
- 14 very carefully measured in terms of their return and
- 15 the economic benefit that they will generate. I
- 16 hope that this study addresses the needs of the
- 17 existing facilities in Morehead and in Wilmington.
- 18 And understanding the critical infrastructure
- 19 requirements that are needed to assure that those
- 20 ports continue to operate at full capability in the
- 21 years to come.
- We have a reputation here of doing things
- 23 better. That's how we've succeeded against these
- 24 bigger ports on either side of us. Our labor forces
- 25 are superb. Public and private partnerships are

- 1 well in place and that is critical for our future.
- 2 I would conclude by applauding AECOM and URS.
- 3 I wish I had a couple million bucks to put into
- 4 facilities at our ports. Studies are good. I'm not
- 5 saying that they're not. But we spend a lot of
- 6 money on studies and it would be nice to put some of

- 7 that money in the ground. Thank you very much.
- 8 GAROLD SMITH: Kemp Burdette.
- 9 BY KEMP BURDETTE:
- 10 My comments are -- I'm Kemp Burdette. I was
- 11 actually born and raised here. And I'm the Cape
- 12 Fear River Keeper. My comments are fairly broad. I
- 13 heard several people talk about cost-benefit
- 14 analysis tonight. And I came to the information
- 15 session earlier and there seems to be a lot of focus
- on economic impacts and the cost-benefit analysis of
- 17 economic benefits and a lack of environmental
- 18 impacts in that cost-benefit analysis. And I would
- 19 just urge that the North Carolina Maritime Strategy
- 20 study consider environmental impacts as part of your
- 21 cost-benefit analysis because the resources that our
- 22 river has are important to our economy. They're
- 23 important to our fisheries, our recreation. We
- 24 could go on and on, and if you look at this without
- 25 considering this, you'll be missing a big piece of

- 1 that whole puzzle. And I think this is, you know, a
- 2 positive thing. Public input, public participation
- 3 is always great. But I think if you fail to do

- 4 that, you will lessen your credibility by leaving
- 5 that whole part out.
- 6 So please -- I know it's not an easy thing, we
- 7 discussed this a little bit earlier. I know it's
- 8 not as easy to put hard numbers on things like that,
- 9 but I think it can be done.
- 10 I think one way to do that would be to involve
- 11 -- there's a lot of people in North Carolina and
- 12 other places that have a lot of great information
- 13 there. And I think involving those people, both
- 14 sides of the issue and bringing a team together that
- 15 can evaluate what this environmental cost could be,
- 16 what the environmental benefits is going to be is a
- 17 great idea.
- 18 GAROLD SMITH: Hal Davis.
- 19 BY HAL DAVIS:
- 20 Good evening. I'll try not to bore everyone.
- 21 I work at the State Ports Authority. I've been
- 22 there going on 40 years. The infrastructure of the
- 23 port, the existing port at Wilmington is in very
- 24 poor condition. Looking at that, knowing that, and
- 25 working with that, is it time to move onto a bigger

- 2 I also talked to Carl Stewart and Tom Ingram
- 3 in 2009 at the board meeting. And they're talking
- 4 about this mega port they're going after to build,
- 5 and the ships may come. But they're still not going
- 6 to cut the smaller ships and the smaller shipping
- 7 lines that can service our port here that we can go
- 8 after. And it's called break bulk cargo. And in
- 9 break bulk cargo, you have to handle that with more
- 10 people. And right now they downsized a great deal
- of the people at the facility at the port.
- 12 We're working understaffed. By -- but, you
- 13 know, all these other statistics, no, I don't know
- 14 about, but I do know about that down there. And
- 15 just consider that when it's time to come across, I
- 16 guess. International port. It took us in the '80s,
- 17 one thing was deepening in the port.
- 18 Another thing. We need an interstate
- 19 connection. How long is it going to take all that
- 20 to get done at Southport? Any questions?
- 21 BY GAROLD SMITH:
- 22 Ladies and gentlemen, we want to thank you all
- 23 for coming out tonight. With Mr. Davis's comments
- 24 that does conclude our public comment session.
- 25 Again, we thank you for coming out. We would

1	encourage you to make sure to keep your eyes on the
2	website which is ncmaritimestudy.com. We will have
3	announcements of upcoming public meetings, and
4	meeting materials are all available online. We also
5	have an opportunity for you to submit questions or
6	comments on the website that will be directly
7	addressed to the leadership team, as well as NCDOT
8	will be returning those comments back to you.
9	If you have not had an opportunity to fill out
10	a comment sheet, they're in the other room, please
11	feel free to fill those out and leave them in the
12	comment box. And if you have any questions, we'll
13	be here for a few more moments. Thank you again.
14	(WHEREUPON THE MEETING WAS CONCLUDED AT
15	7:00 P.M.)
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

1	CERTIFICATE
2	
3	STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA) COUNTY OF ONSLOW)
4	COUNTY OF UNSLOW
5	I, Ashley E. Faller, a stenotype court
6	reporter and notary public in and for Onslow County,
7	North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing
8	50 pages are an accurate transcript of the meeting
9	of the North Carolina Maritime Strategy taken by me
10	in machine shorthand and transcribed by me
11	personally.
12	
13	This the 13th day of October, 2011.
14	
15	
16	 Ashley E. Faller
17	Notary Public# 20091040004:
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	